

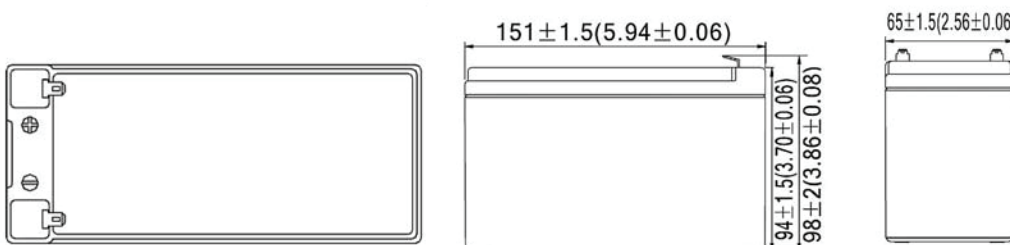
Capacity (25°C)	20HR (0.36A, 10.5V) = 7.20AH 10HR (0.69A, 10.5V) = 6.90AH 5HR (1.30A, 10.5V) = 6.50AH 1HR (4.31A, 10.5V) = 4.31AH
Operating Temperature Range	Charge = -15°C to +50°C Discharge = -20°C to +60°C Storage = -20°C to +60°C
Approx. Weight	2.18kg
Internal Resistance	Fully charged at 25°C : ≤ 32mΩ
Self Discharge	3% per month at (25°C)
Capacity Affected by Temp. (20HR)	40°C = 102% 25°C = 100% 0°C = 85% -15°C = 65%
Charge Voltage (25°C)	Cycle Use = 14.4-14.7V (-30mV/°C) Max Current = 2.16A Float Use = 13.5-13.8V (-20mV/°C)
Dimensions (Nominal)	Length: 151mm (5.94 in.) Width: 65mm (2.56 in.) Height: 94mm (3.70 in.) Total Height: 98mm (3.86 in.)

- Completely sealed, maintenance-free, low self-discharge
- State of the art AGM and grid alloy formula technology
- Non-spillable, stable quality and high reliability with excellent re-charging performance
- Floating and standby use up to: 5 years
- Cycle use: Up to 260 cycles at 100% DoD
- Cycle use: Up to 500 Cycles at 50% DoD
- Container and Cover Material – ABS UL94-HB (optional UL94-V0)
- Transportation - D.O.T., I.A.T.A. & F.A.A.




■ APPLICATIONS

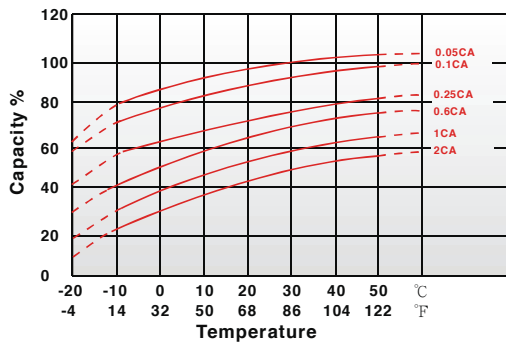
Multipurpose	Alarm & Security System	DC Power Supply
Telecommunications	Comm. Power Supply	Auto Control System
UPS	Elec. Power System (EPS)	Traffic Control Signaling
Medical Equipment	Emergency Backup Power	Emergency Lighting



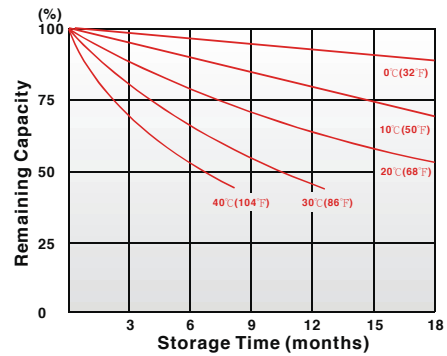
Terminal Type

F2  0.250" x 0.032" quick disconnect tabs

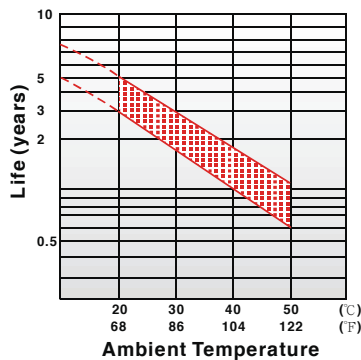
Effect of Temperature on Capacity 25°C (77°F)



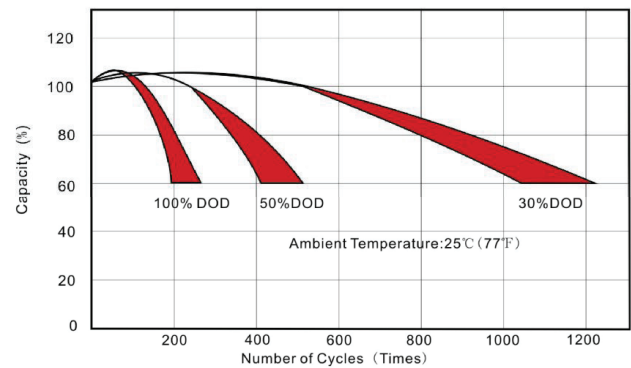
Capacity Retention Characteristic



Trickle (or Float) Service Life



Cycle Service Life



Regular Charge / Float Charge / Storage

- Charging voltage temperature compensation needs to be applied when temperature is below 0°C and above +45°C.
- Charging in temperatures below 0°C, the charge current should not exceed 0.1C as the core battery temperature can increase rapidly and damage the battery.
- During floating charge or when in storage, the life of the battery is cut in half for every 8°C temperature rise over 25°C.

Discharge

- Discharging at elevated temperatures improves performance of the battery yet shortens its life due to accelerated aging.
- Low temperature affects the battery internal resistance and lowers its capacity. The battery provides 100% specified capacity at 25°C. It will deliver 50% of its stated capacity at -20°C with 0.1C discharge current and 20% with 2C discharge current.

Constant Current Discharge (A) at 25°C (77°F)

1.85V/Cell	19.86	14.67	10.64	7.16	4.15	2.38	1.82	1.454	1.248	1.017	0.667	0.347
1.80V/Cell	20.24	14.95	10.84	7.30	4.23	2.43	1.85	1.481	1.272	1.037	0.680	0.353
1.75V/Cell	20.62	15.23	11.04	7.43	4.31	2.47	1.89	1.509	1.296	1.056	0.693	0.360
1.70V/Cell	22.47	16.14	11.71	7.73	4.39	2.52	1.92	1.536	1.319	1.075	0.705	0.366
1.67V/Cell	24.74	17.51	12.70	8.16	4.44	2.54	1.94	1.552	1.333	1.086	0.712	0.370
1.60V/Cell	26.80	18.43	13.36	8.51	4.48	2.57	1.96	1.569	1.347	1.098	0.720	0.374

Constant Power Discharge (W) at 25°C (77°F)

1.85V/Cell	38.72	28.60	20.74	13.96	8.10	4.64	3.55	2.83	2.43	1.98	1.30	0.68
1.80V/Cell	39.46	29.15	21.14	14.23	8.26	4.73	3.62	2.89	2.48	2.02	1.33	0.69
1.75V/Cell	40.20	29.69	21.53	14.49	8.41	4.82	3.68	2.94	2.53	2.06	1.35	0.70
1.70V/Cell	43.82	31.48	22.83	15.07	8.56	4.90	3.75	2.99	2.57	2.10	1.37	0.71
1.67V/Cell	48.24	34.15	24.76	15.91	8.65	4.96	3.79	3.03	2.60	2.12	1.39	0.72
1.60V/Cell	52.26	35.93	26.06	16.60	8.74	5.01	3.83	3.06	2.63	2.14	1.40	0.73